



# Increasing effective contributions by the JCM to NDCs

**MOEJ/OECC's JCM check sheet for accelerated NDC implementation** 

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### JCM's contributions to NDC (Viet Nam's case)

Viet Nam's NDC sectors	NDC#	Numbers of JCM Projects
	E11-17	5
	E7, 9	1
Energy	E5, 6	6
	E10	3
	E1-4	0
Agriculture	A3, 5, 9, 12-14	0
Waste	W3	2

+ F-gas 1 Project

### Total 18 JCM Projects





Introduction of Amorphous High Efficiency Transformation





1,145tCO2/year

Introduction of High Efficiency Water Pump in Da Nang City

#### 4,481tCO2/year

Energy Saving in Factories with air-Conditioning

## Examples of suggested technologies for accelerated implementation of NDC (by Low Carbon Technology Assessment)

_	Submitted the INDC in 2016 Contribution to the GHG emission mitigation Sector	Energy, Agriculture, LULUCF, Waste		Viet Nam's NDC	NDC#	Recommended technologies by each sector		
	Period	from 01/01/2021 to 31/12/2030		sector	NDC#	Recommended technologies by each sector		
		GHG emissions in 2010: 246.8 million tCO2				Power Generation Infrastructure		
		GHG emissions in 2020: 474.1 million tCO2			E11-17	(Renewable Energy: PV, Wind, Hydro Transformer and others)		
	BAU Scenario	GHG emissions in 2030: 787.4 million tCO2 The BAU starts from 2010 (the latesr year of the			E7, 9	Transport Infrastructure (CNG, EV, Renewable Energy in Port and Airport,		
						Freight Transport Switch and others)		
		national GHG inventory)		Energy		Industrial Infrastructure		
	Unconditional Contribution	To reduce GHG emissions by 8% compared to BAU			E5, 6	(Steel, Aluminum, Cement, Chemical, Pulpe and Brick-		
	Conditional Contribution	The above-mentioned 8% contribution could be increased to 25%				making)		
		Increased to 25%			E10	Commercial Infrastructure		
						(Shopping Mall and Office)		
					E1-4	Residential Infrastructure		
						(Air Conditioning, Refrigator, Lighting and Solar Water		
						Heater)		
						Agricultute Infrastructure		
					A3, 5, 9, 12-14	Rice Cultivation Sytem, Aquaculture and Technical		
		F-gas		Agriculture		Improvement		
				Waste		Urban Infrastructure		
					W3	(Waste Power, Energy Saving Water Supply, Solid Waste		
						Recycle and others)		

\*Information NDC will be updated according to the policy development of the Vietnamese Government.

## MOEJ/OECC's JCM check sheet: Sectors covered by NDC and status of JCM Projects

Formulate Policy and Law	ure: Important Sector, Policy, Country and Region which are based on JCM Project examples, Each Country and	Region	Information source (NDC, laws, policies etc.) Viet Nam				
Submitted the INDC in 20 Contribution to the GHG							
Sector	Energy, Agriculture, LULUCF, Waste		References:				
Period	from 01/01/2021 to 31/12/2030	Overview of the NDC	<ul> <li>Socialist Republic of Viet Nam, 2015, "Intended Nationally Determined Contributin of Viet Nam</li> </ul>				
	GHG emissions in 2010: 246.8 million tCO2		<ul> <li>Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment, 2015, "Viet Nam's Intended Nationally Determined Contribution"</li> </ul>				
BAU Scenario	GHG emissions in 2020: 474.1 million tCO2		<ul> <li>Japan International Cooperation Agency, Overseas Environmental Cooperation Center etc, 2017, "Socialist Republic of Viet Nam Project to Support the Planning and Implementation of Nationally Appropriate Mitigation Actions (NAMAs)/Low Carbon Technology Assessment (SPI-NAMA/LC Tech) Progress Report"     </li> </ul>				
	GHG emissions in 2030: 787.4 million tCO2		<ul> <li>Japan International Cooperation Agency, Overseas Environmental Cooperation Center etc, 2017,</li></ul>				
	The BAU starts from 2010 (the latesr year of the national GHG inventory)		<ul> <li>Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment of Viet Nam and JICA Technical Assistance Project to Support the Planning and Implementation of NAMAs in a MRVable Manner (SPI-NAMA), 2018, "Low Carbon Technology Catalogue: Mitigation actions in the Context of Viet Nam's Nationally Determined Contributions and Bevond"</li> </ul>				
Unconditional Contribution	To reduce GHG emissions by 8% compared to BAU		·				
Conditional Contribution	The above-mentioned 8% contribution could be increased to 25%						

Sector	NDC (tCO2e)		Other Mitigation         Representative JCM Projects         Representative JCM Projects in other countries           Actions         (registered projects and financed (tCO2e)         projects)         (registered projects)         Relevant La		evant Law and Policy Relevant Ministry		Others (expected improvement policy/ representative vietnamese association)			
Power Generation Infrastructures	3									
Hydro Power										
Transmission										
Urban Infrastructures										
Waste Power										
Industrial Infrastructures									1	
Steel, Aluminum and Cement							_			
Sectors defined in t	Sectors defined in the Emission			Corresponding JCI	N	Relevant la	ws	Relevant	Barrie	ers for
apan's "strategy for export reduction tar		duction target		<b>Projects in each</b>		and policies	in	Ministries	replication	n /relevant
of infrastructure sys	stem"	of the NDC		sector		the countr	'Y	winnstries	organi	zations

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## Example 1: Replication of projects in the same countries

Sector	NDC (tCO2e)	Other Mitigation Actions (tCO2e)	Representative JCM Projects (registered projects and financed projects)	Representative JCM Projects in other countries (registered projects and financed projects)	Relevant Law and Policy	Relevant Ministry	Others (expected improvement policy/ representative vietnamese association)					
Urban Infrastructur	rban Infrastructures											
					The prioritized pojects of climate change plan in Ho chi Minh, Hanoi, Hai Phong, Da Nang and Can Tho) on Waterworks Energy Saving Decision No. 1440/QD-TTg (2008): the Prime Minister							
		Introducution of High Efficiency Wate Pumps in Da Nang City Other (Expected GHG Emission Reductions: Mitigation 1,145tCO2/year) Actions		Energy Saving Wastewater Treatment Plant in	approving the Planning on construction of solid waste treatment facilities in three Northern, Central Vietnam and Southern key economic regions up to 2020.	мос	Incorporate green purchace into public					
Energy Saving Water Supply and			1,145tCO2/year)		Decision No.2149/QĐ-TTg (2009): Approving the national strategy for the integrated management of solid waste by 2025 and a vision towards 2050	MOC MONRE						
WasteTreatment Site	(testion)	Battambang: Cambodia s (JFJCM)	Decision No.798/QÐ-TTg (2011): Approving the Program for Investment in Solid Waste Treatment during 2011-2020	мос	procurment policy							
			Decision No.986/QĐ-BXD (2011): Promulgating action plan of solid waste treatment investment program in period of 2011-2020	мос								
				Decree No. 59/2007/ND-CP: on Solid Waste Management	мос							

#### Status:

- Projects implemented in the sector
- Consideration on possibility to replicate same type of projects



Expected action: Increase make project finding efforts for potential project owners and technology suppliers

### **Example 2: Transfer of experiences in other countries**

Sector	NDC (tCO2e)	Other Mitigation Actions (tCO2e)	Representative JCM Projects (registered projects and financed projects)	Representative JCM Projects in other countries (registered projects and financed projects)	Relevant Law and Policy	Relevant Ministry	Others (expected improvement policy/ representative vietnamese association)
	E5: Cement-making			Power generation by Waste Heat Recovery in the Tuban Plant of PT Semen Indonesia:	Adopted energy saving and efficiency benchmarks in the steel sector Law No. 50/2010/QH12: Law on Economical and Efficient		Steel: Vietnam Steel Association (VSA) Independent comapany:Hoa Phat
Steel, Aluminum and Cement	technology improvements	echnology mprovements Other Mitigation Mitigation Potential by 2030: Actions (Steel)		Introduction of 12 MW Power Generation	Use of Energy No: 50/2010/QH12 (as regulated by Decree No.21/2011/NĐ-CP on the Law on Economical and Efficient Use of Energy and Measures for its	MOIT	Group, VnSteel, Hoa Sen Group, Pomina Steel, Nam Kim Steel, Ton Dong A
and Cement					Implementation) (17 Jun, 2010) Adopted energy saving and efficiency benchmarks.(2016)		Cement: Energy saving bench mark (MOIT circular)
				Cement Plant: Thailand	GHG emission reduction action plan for cement sector (2016)	мос	Aluminum:Energy saving bench mark (MOIT circular)

#### **Status:**

- No project in the sector
- Projects implemented in other countries
- Consideration on possibility to replicate the technology?

#### **Expected** actions:

- Check barriers for replication
- Increase project finding efforts for potential project owners and technology suppliers

## Example 3: Creating an enabling environments for projects

Sector	NDC (tCO2e)	Other Mitigation Actions (tCO2e)	Representative JCM Projects (registered projects and financed projects)	Representative JCM Projects in other countries (registered projects and financed projects)	Relevant Law and Policy	Relevant Ministry	Others (expected improvement policy/ representative vietnamese association)				
Commercial Infrastrucures											
Renewable Energy /Energy Efficiency Shopping Mall and Office	E10: High Efficiency Commercial Air Conditioning (Mitigation Potential by 2030: 11.1 Mt CO2e) Not describe about Energy Efficiency per construction in INDC		Introduction of Solar PV System at Shopping Mall in Ho Chi Minh (Expected GHG Emission Reductions: 274tCO2/year) Low Carbon Hotel Project in Vietnam: Improving the Energy Efficiency of Commercial Buildnigs by Utilization of High Efficiency Equipment (Expected GHG Emission Reductions: 294tCO2/year) Efficiency/Environment in National Hospitals in Vietnam (Expected GHG Emission Reductions: 878tCO2/year)	Energy Saving for Air-Conditioning at Shopping Mall with High Efficiency Centrifugal Chiller: Indonesia Installation of Solar Power System and Storage Battery to Commercial Facility: Indonesia Introduction of LED Lighting to Sales Stores: Indonesia Energy Saving for Air-Conditioning at Shopping Mall with High Efficiency Centrifugal Chiller: Indonesia Introduction of 30 MW Rooftop Solar Power system to Large Supermarkets: Thailand Introduction of LED Lighting to Sales Stores: Thailand Energy Saving at Convenience Stores with High Efficiency Air-Conditioning and Refrigerated Showcase: Thailand	Revision of "Urban Engineering Infrastructure (QCVN07:2010/BXD)" and "Regional and Urban Planning and Rural Residential Planning (QCVN01:2008 BXD) in Rural Residential Planning (QCVN01: 2008 BXD) in 2013-2014. Construction and Reconstruction of buildings which is more than 2500 m2 is regulated Guiding procedures on Green Building Assessment	MOIT	Established: improvement o law on economic and efficient use of energy (MOI circular amendment) Newly: improvement of construction standard (MOC circular amendment) Energy saving report system/improvement standard in the local goverment (DOIT DOC circular in Hanoi, Ho Chi Minh, Hai Phong)				
Status: - Identifie scale up p		als to	Status: - Institution - luck of ince		Action: - Improvements of arrangements thr						





## Thank you for your attention!

The JCM check sheet will be available on the website: Carbon Market Express: <u>https://www.carbon-markets.go.jp/eng/</u>



Updates of the website will be announced through our Newsletter You can subscribe at: <u>https://www.carbon-markets.go.jp/eng/en\_newsletter/</u>

