Ratcheting up Climate Actions under the Paris Agreement

SB44 Side Event

Asia's Ambition for Nationally Determined

Contributions (NDCs):

Key Elements and Actions towards the

Implementation of the Paris Agreement

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Paris Agreement as a Hybrid of Top-down and Bottom-up Approaches

Top-down approach based upon scientific knowledge

- ✓ 2°C/1.5°C goal (Art.2)
- ✓ Global peaking of GHG emissions ASAP, and a net zero emissions in the second half of this century (Art.4.1)



Bottom-up approach reflecting political reality

✓ Nationally determined contributions (NDCs)

Gap between

- Emission path consistency with the "well below 2°C"
- Emission levels under the current
 INDCs

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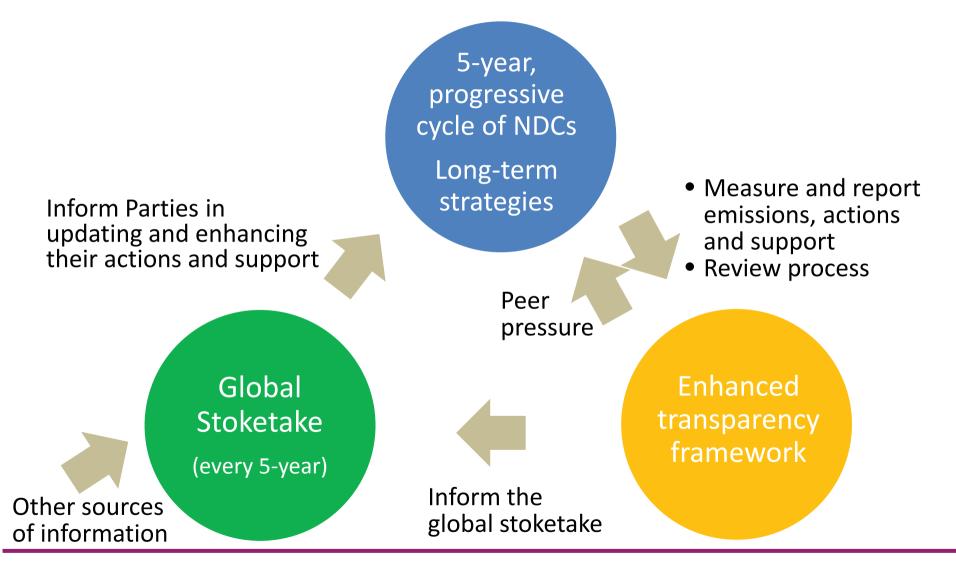
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Ratchet Mechanism

- Each Party shall communicate a NDC every five years, and successive NDC will represent a progression beyond the current NDC (Art.4.2, 4.3)
- Long-term low greenhouse gas emission strategies, mindful of 2°C/1.5°C goal (Art.4.19)
- Transparency of each Party's actions and support (Art.13)
- "Global stocktake" every five years of which outcome shall inform Parties in updating and enhancing their actions and support (Art.14)

Three Elements in "Ratchet Mechanism"



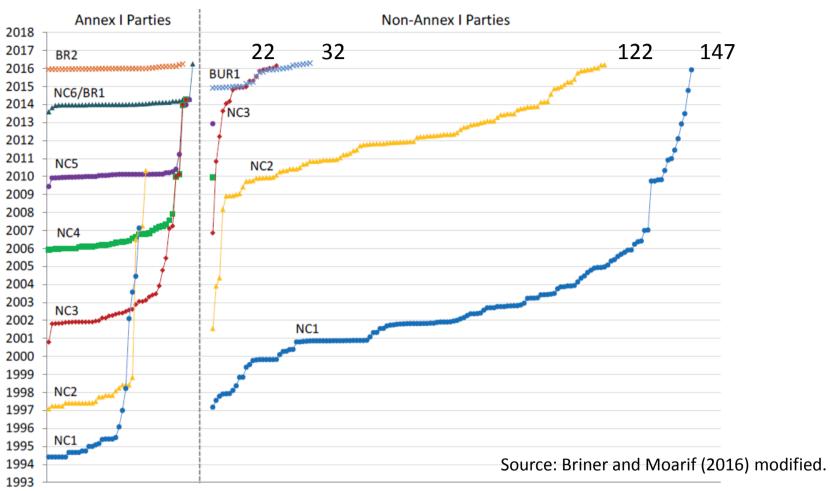
Enhanced Transparency Framework: Challenges

- Purpose
 - To provide a clear understanding of climate change mitigation action, to track progress towards NDCs and to inform the global stocktake
 - → Mutual trust and confidence
- To generate peer pressure, comparability is key.
 - Diversity in INDCs
 - Use of internationally transferred mitigation outcomes (ITMOs)

However,

- Flexibility in term of scope and frequency of reporting and the scope of review
 - ➤ Various national conditions and capacities

Submission of National Communication, BR and BUR



Reports submitted by Parties, ordered from earliest submitted (left) to latest submitted (right)

Limited experience in regular reporting in many developing countries

→ Transition to the biennial reporting cycle is a significant "challenge"

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However,

- Flexibility in term of scope and frequency of reporting and the scope of review
 - ➤ Various national conditions and capacities
- How can it improve the comparability of NDCs, while allowing a certain level of flexibility?
- How should capacity building be provided to take the balance between comparability and flexibility?

Thank you very much!



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